Natural Design for Coastal Resiliency



Presented by Leah Bray, Anchor QEA, LLC August 2, 2016

Who is Anchor QEA?

- We are an environmental firm focused on coastal and nearshore planning, science, and engineering
- Gulf of Mexico focus
 - Hancock County Living Shoreline and Marsh Restoration
 - Matagorda Bay Ecosystem Health
 - Freshwater inflows
 - Beneficial Use of Dredge Materials
 - Deer Island restoration
 - Agency planning support

















Our Coastal Resiliency and Climate Change Adaptation Consulting Services

- Vulnerability assessment and coastal hazards analysis
- Adaptation planning
- Coastal process evaluation and beach nourishment
- Green solutions
- Wetland creation and restoration
- Facilities design for coastal resiliency
- Adaptive shoreline ecosystem design

















Tools for Coastal Resiliency Planning

- Vulnerability assessments
 - Climate risk
 - Sea level rise
 - Coastal hazards analysis
 - Coastal process evaluation
- Partnerships
- Planning
- Funding



















What is a Living Shoreline?

- Shoreline stabilization along estuarine coasts, bays, sheltered coastlines, and tributaries
- Comprised mostly of native material
 - Incorporates vegetation or other living, natural, "soft" structure
- Can be combined with a harder shoreline structure (e.g., oyster reefs or rock sills) for added stability











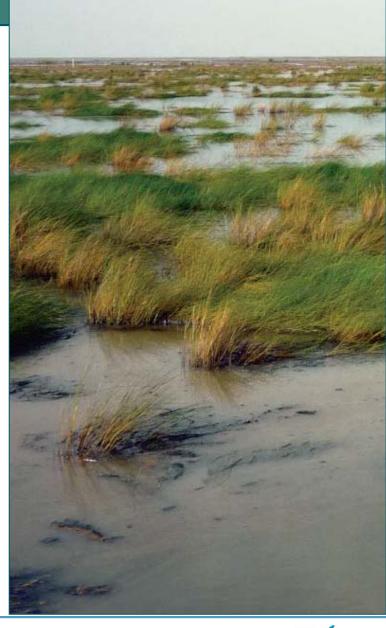






What does it do?

 Living shorelines maintain continuity of the natural land—water interface and reduce erosion while providing habitat value and enhancing coastal resilience





















Living Shoreline Planning and Implementation

- Site analysis
- Permit approval and legal compliance
- Site preparation
- Installation
- Post-construction monitoring and maintenance







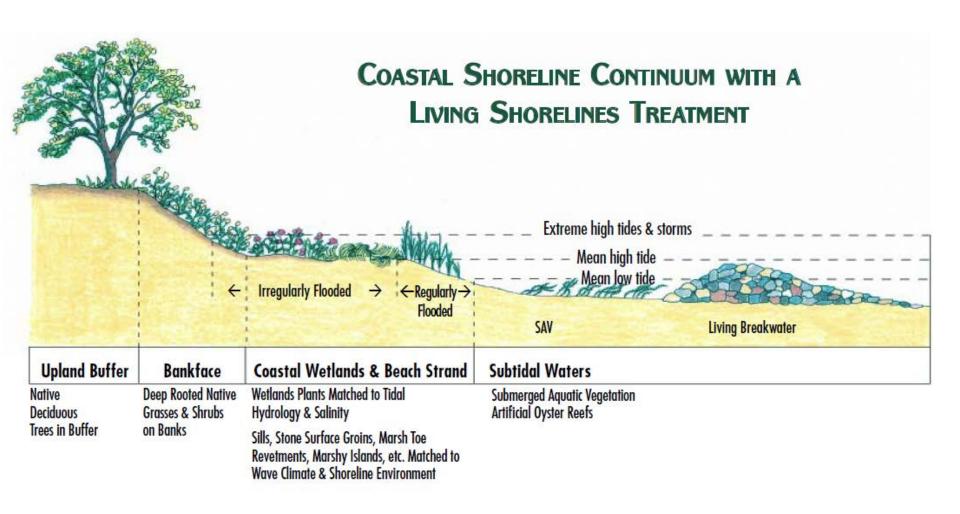












Graphic from Burke Environmental Services.

Integrated Planning

How natural (green vs. gray) should it be?

Small waves, gentle slope, sheltered coast

Large waves, steep slope, open coast

Vegetation only

Edging

Sills (e.g., oyster blocks)

Beach and dunes

Beach only

Breakwater

Groin

Revetment

Bulkhead

Seawall

















Living Shoreline Treatments

















Vegetation Only

- Marsh
- Seagrass























Vegetation Base with Edge Protection

- Fence
- Oyster reef
- Toe protection
 - Coir tubes
 - Geotubes
 - Blankets























Sills

- Rocks
- Oyster reef
- Rock baskets/gabions
- Breakwater























Beaches

- Beach nourishment
- Beach and dunes with vegetation























What are the benefits?



















Living Shoreline Benefits

- Erosion control and shore stabilization
- Restored and enhanced habitat
- Increased property values
- Enhanced community enjoyment
- Opportunities for education
- Improved public access
- Increased resilience
- Improved water quality

















Resiliency Planning

Why is it contentious?

















Challenges

- Risk
 - Will it work?
 - How do we know?
- Permits
- Land ownership issues
- Limited availability of sites
- Bigger picture
- Monitoring
- Cost
- Public outreach/communication























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Questions/Discussion