



## Gulf Coast's Importance to Waterfowl

- Winters 14 million ducks and 1.5 million geese
   (~ 5 Million in Texas)
- 25% Continental Breeding Population
- Winters <u>significant</u> proportions of some duck spp.
   within the Central & Mississippi Flyways
  - ~ 95% of Gadwall
  - ~ 80% of Green-Winged Teal & Redhead
  - ~ 60% of Lesser Scaup
  - ~ 25% of Northern Pintail
- Important to Blue-Winged Teal, L. Snow Goose,
  Mottled Duck





## **Coastal Marsh Pond Foraging Values**

### **Empirical estimate -**

Fresh marsh

272,021 kcal/ac

Winslow (2003), Nyman (2004)

#### **Assumed Estimates:**

- Intermediate marsh:
- Brackish marsh:
- Saline marsh:

272,021 kcal/ac

136,010 kcal/ac

27,020 kcal/ac

## REGION'S CONSERVATION CHALLENGES FOR WATERFOWL

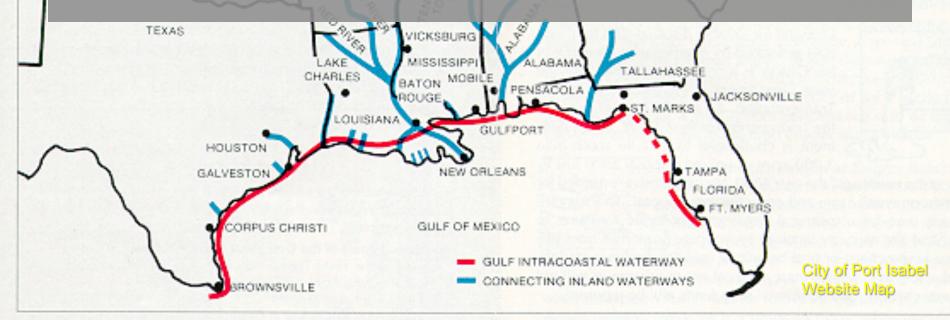
- Degraded/Altered Hydrology
- Salt Water Intrusion & Subsidence
- Declining Rice Production
- Development Pressures



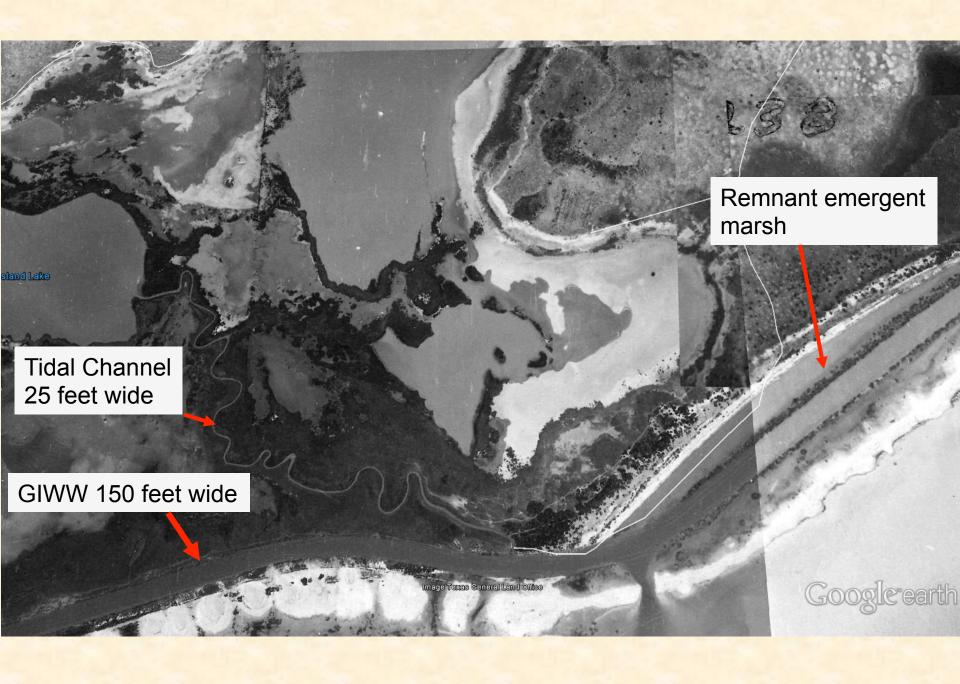
## Gulf Intracoastal Waterway

426 Miles in TX

- Completed thru Texas in 1949
  - 125' wide and 12' Feet Deep









## Motivation for a DST

Already know that we're short on habitat.

 Continued Erosion along GIWW posses an increased threat to marsh degradation and waterfowl food deficits.

Where? How much? How long?

Breakwaters are expensive \$1 million/mile

# Goals of Decision Support Tool

- Quantify & Locate habitats in jeopardy
- Establish priorities
- Develop a cost estimate
- •Give perspective to Agency, Regulatory and Legislative Interests



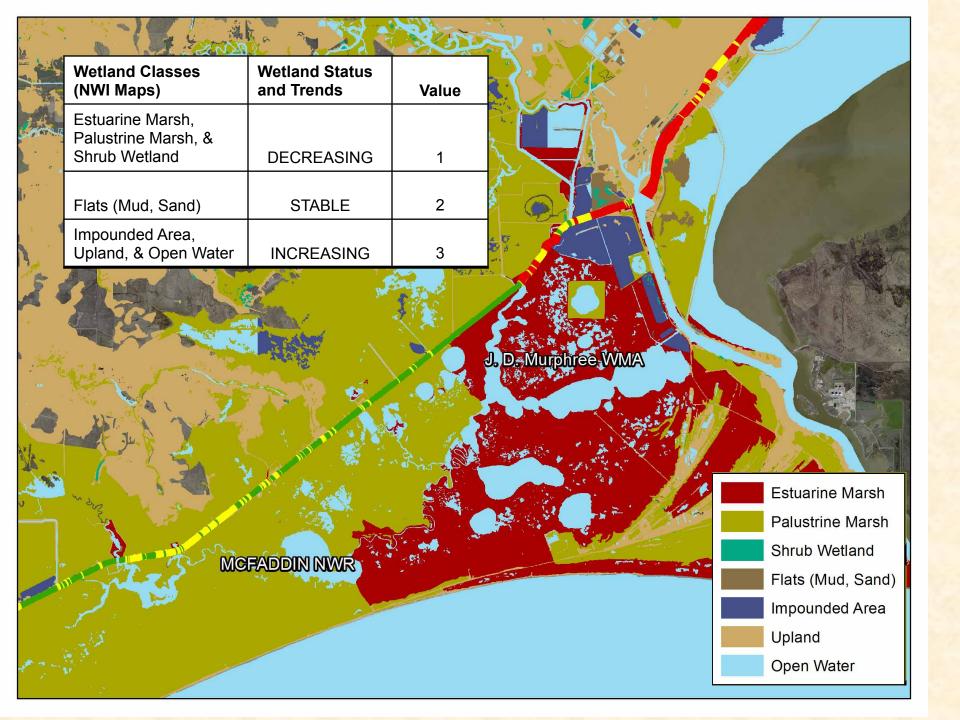


#### 336 miles from Sabine Pass to Corpus Christi

McFaddin NWR

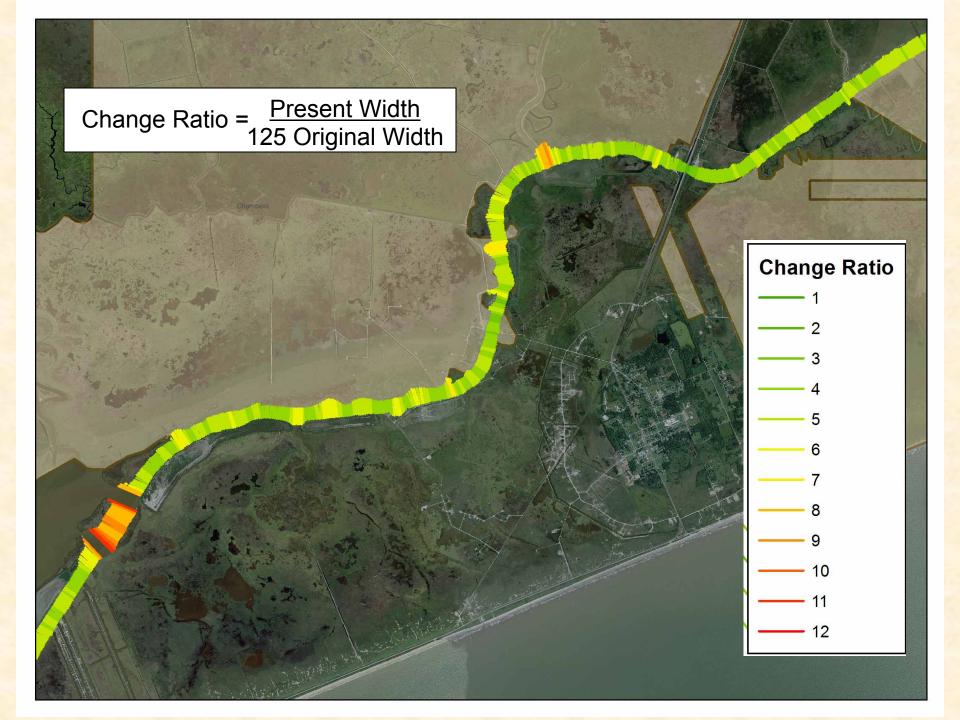
30 Meter Intervals

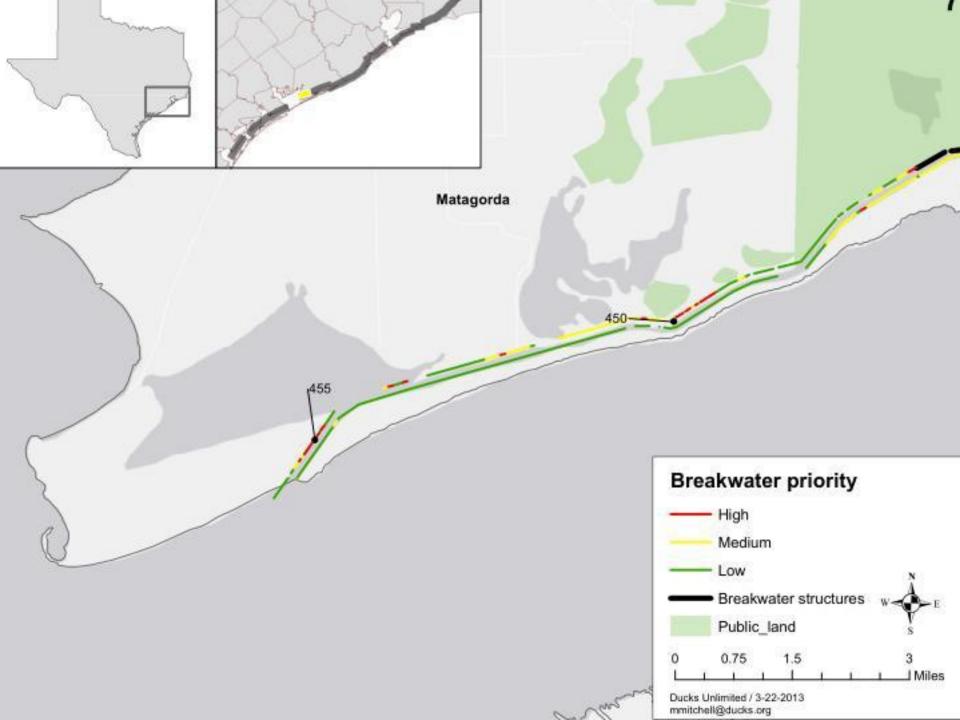
McFaddin NWR



<u>Dataset</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Definition</u>
Wetland Type	1	Estuarine Marsh, Palustrine Marsh, & Shrub Wetland
	2	Flats (Mud, Sand)
	3	Impounded Area, Upland, & Open Water
Change Ratio	1	between 5.632734 & 13.08168 (>=5.632734)
	2	between 4.393893 & 5.632734
	3	between 0.564883 & 4.393589 (<=4.393589)

Wetland Type	Change Ratio	Priority
Very Important (1)	High (1)	High
Very Important (1)	Medium (2)	Medium
Very Important (1)	Low (3)	Low
Important (2)	High (1)	Medium
Important (2)	Medium (2)	Low





50 miles of the Texas GIWW are currently protected by breakwater or revetment structures.

294 miles of unprotected marsh shoreline on the landward and bayward sides of the GIWW.

Approximately 28.6 miles of shoreline deemed high priority for protection, with nearly 45.2 miles in need of protection to maintain significant coastal marsh habitats for waterfowl.

Breakwater projects that DU has implemented within the past 3 years range between \$800,000 - \$1,000,000 per mile.

With approximately 45 miles of high priority areas delineated, roughly \$45 million is needed to protect these marsh habitats from immediate or further degradation.

#### Current DU breakwater efforts:

- Existing permits for approx. 5 miles of breakwater in Galveston and Matagorda counties
- -- GLO funding for approx. 1 mile in Galveston County
- -- Seeking grants and leveraging opportunities; NAWCA, RESTORE, etc.
  - Conducting survey work for TPWD to design / permit future breakwaters at Mad Island WMA and Justin Hurst WMA













